## Addressing Implicit Bias: Healing Centered Animal Assisted Psychotherapy (HC-AAP) with Rats

Using Animal Assisted Therapy concepts and techniques, specifically rats, to aid access to therapy, facilitate healing, create safety, and dismantle negative implicit bias.

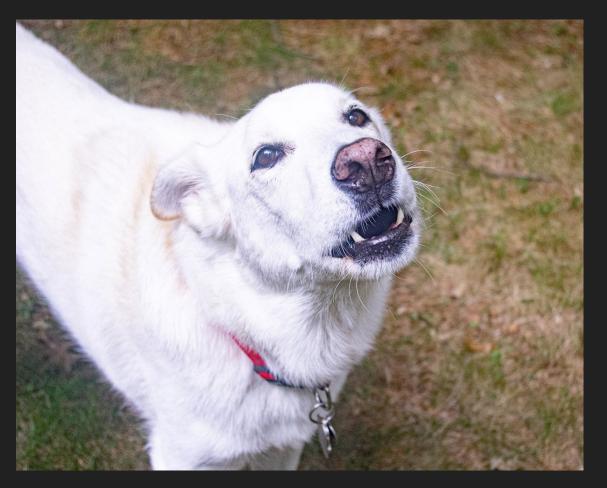
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### What is AAT/AAP?

And how does it fit in the larger field of Human Animal Interaction?





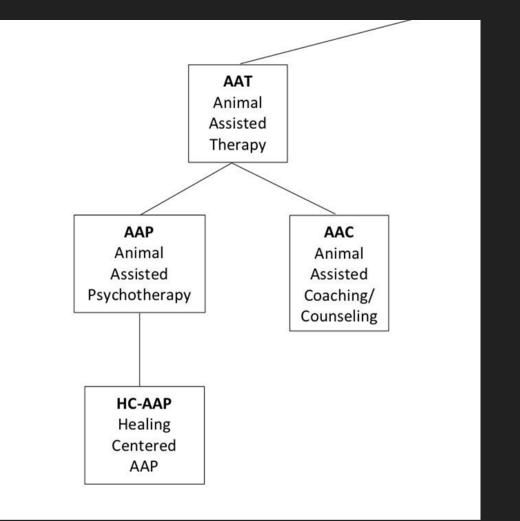
## Human Animal Interaction (HAI)



HAI An organizational Chart of Human Animal Where Animal Assisted Interaction Psychotherapy (AAP) fits into the larger field of Human AAI Animal Interaction (HAI) Animal Assisted Interaction AAT AAE AAA Animal Animal Animal Assisted Assisted Assisted Therapy Education Activity AAP AAC Therapy **Emotional** Animal Animal Animal Support Assisted Assisted Animal Psychotherapy Coaching/ Counseling HC-AAP Healing Centered AAP

Based on definitions from the International Association of Human Animal Interaction Organizations (IAHAIO) White Paper, created in 2014 and updated in 2018.







## What is HC-

- Relational Safety
- Parallel Work
- Co-regulation
- Sense of Agency
- Embodiment work





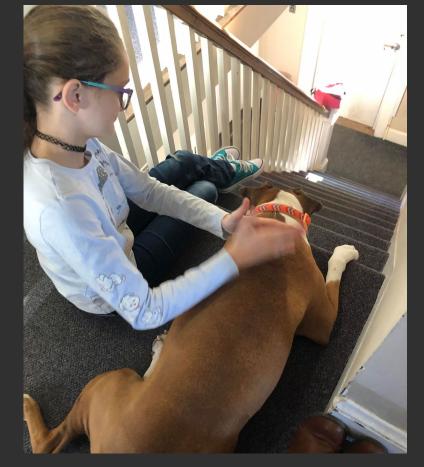


Dougie and Stevie AAT dogs of Walden School



# Relational Safety

 The presence of the animal makes the strange setting and presence of a stranger less threatening





# Relational Safety

- Talking to the Animal
  - Instead of therapist or staff
- Safe and appropriate touch



### Parallel Work

- Talking about the Animals thoughts and feelings that are really our own
- Showing the Animal
  - Coping skills
  - Good Behavior
- Helping the Animal
  - To not be scared
  - To eat correctly





# Parallel Work (cont.)

- Rat does > you do
  - ILS skills
  - Nonverbal communication
  - Nutrition
  - Personal boundaries
  - Basic needs being met
- Externalization/Narrative work





#### Example:

### **Grief and Loss**

- Low stakes grief
  - Skill building
- Completed attachment
  - Model of healthy relationships
- Healthy processing
  - Support





### Grief and Loss









Left: Dougie and Cora play. Right: Kaa the snake in Therapy



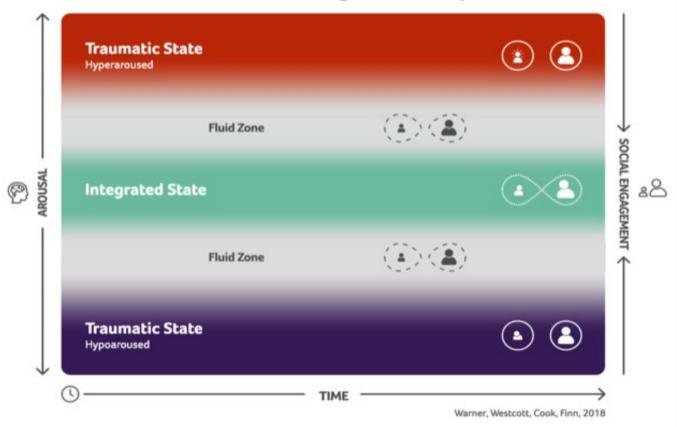
### Co-regulation

- Ties into relational safety
- Learns to regulate while therapist labels the interaction
  - Playing in the grass
    - Up-regulate
  - Sitting calmly
    - Down-regulate





#### **SMART Regulation Map**



(Warner, Wescott, and Cook 2020)



# Sense of Agency

Taking fragmented pieces of self to create a comprehensive sense of self

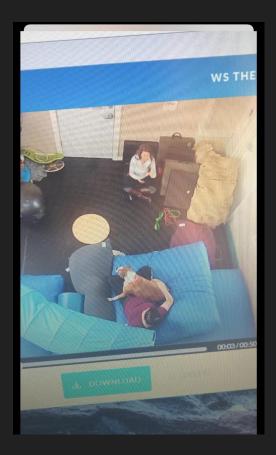
- Empathy
- Responsibility
- Purpose
- Goal Setting

#### Example:









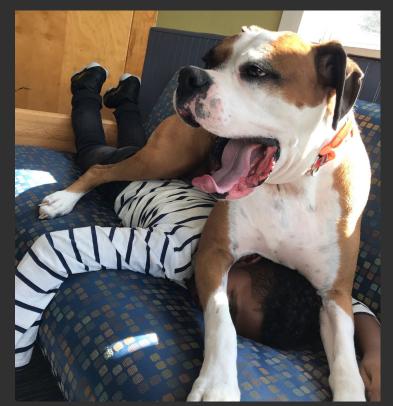
**Left:** Cora (AAT dog) sits with student. **Right**: Dougle in the SMART room.



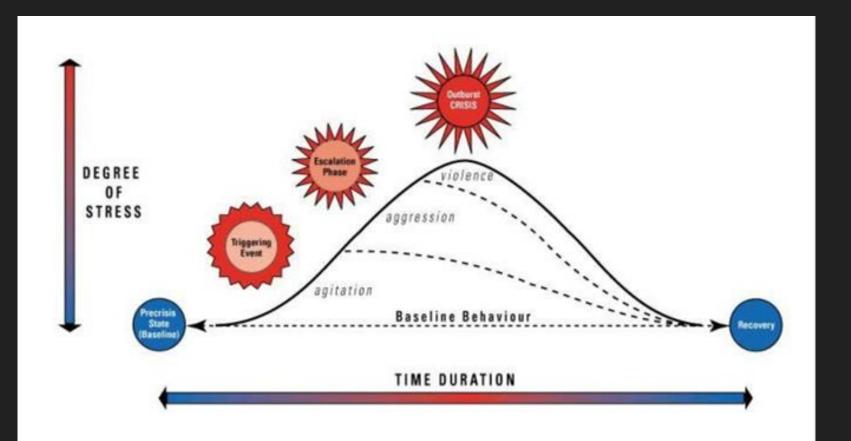
## Embodiment Work

- Caring for the animal
- Pressure or sensory input from the animal
  - Dog lies on student
  - Rat claws on skin
  - Cat purrs in lap

#### Example:









# Dysregulation (cont.)

- Student becomes protector
- Surprise redirects/connects brain to body





## Dysregulation

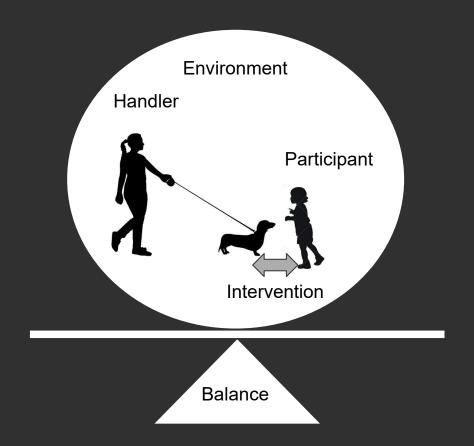
- Depends on the student
  - Open Does the Student like?
  - Do they have a rapport?
- Depends on the rat
  - o Is the rat a calming rat?
- Is the situation safe enough
- How to I introduce the rat?





### **Ethics**

- Start with a good match
  - Physical Health screening
  - Behavior evaluation
- Ongoing monitoring of stress correlated behaviors
  - Managing stress
    - The handler
    - The Environment
    - The Participant
    - The Intervention





Respo	onsiveness: Speed With Which Animal Transitions From One State		
	other as Well as Presence or Absence of Transitional Behaviors	Ideal Animal Profile	Test Animal Profile
Λ.	Reactivity: degree of reactivity; high or low (high degree of reactivity means animal ramps up quickly within a certain behavior)		
В.	Flexibility: degree to which animal is flexible or stereotypic (responding to all stimuli with the same behaviors); regulation of response		
C.	Behavioral cues: animal displays overt or subtle cues		
Capac	ity: Degree to Which Animal Interacts With Environment		
D.	Recovery: degree to which animal copes with and recuperates from stimulation (tactile, olfactory, auditory, and visual)		
E.	Affiliation: degree to which animal spontaneously seeks interaction with strangers		
F.	Behavioral repertoire: diversity of behaviors used by animal to respond to stimuli		
G.	Explicit communication: degree to which animal displays behaviors that client population recognizes as communication		
Skills:	Trained Behaviors Relevant to Intervention Aims		
H.	Verbal response: response to verbal commands		
Lans.	Gestural response: response to gestural commands		
j.	Novelty response: response to new environments, activities, or tasks		
K.	Equipment acceptance: degree to which animal manages variety of training or performance equipment		
L.	Cue interpretation: degree to which animal understands stranger's attempts at familiar cues or commands		
M.	Attentional response: degree to which animal uses observable behav- ioral cues such as eye contact and eye, head, and body orientation to respond to clients		
Attribu	utes: Physical Characteristics Contributing to Delivery Approach		
N.	Species/breed type: degree to which animal may be associated with cultural, ethnic, or racial experiences		
O.	Appearance: coat color, texture, markings, etc. (plumage or scale color)		
P,	Size: in relation to client and client experience		
Q.	Vocalizations: loudness, tone, frequency, predictability		



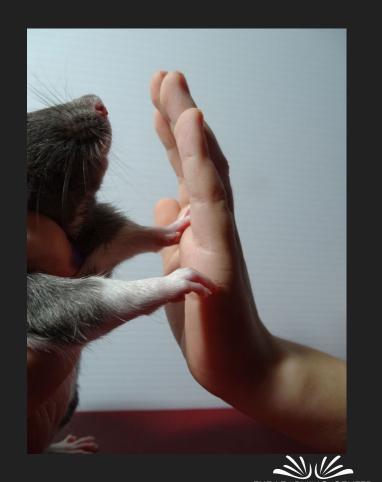
### Ethics (cont.)

#### YAYABA

"You are your animal's best advocate" (petpartners.org)

"A *successful* AAI is one in which mutuality is present, and when the human benefits from contact with a *non-stressed* animal."

(Ng, Albright, Fine, and Peralta 2019)



## Why Rats?





#COVIDmood



## Why Rats?

Originally for conversation starter on implicit bias

~ But ~

They are a good fit for AAT/AAP





## Implicit Bias

- What is Implicit Bias?
- What is Stigma?
- Comparing Rats stigma to Walden School students stigma
- Can you learn to love the rat?





### Implicit Bias

n: a bias or prejudice that is present but not consciously held or recognized

## Stigma

n: a mark of disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person





### Residential Student or Rat? (actual quotes)

"I was traumatized

"I will just not go to that area [where they are]" Rat

"Not so bad [now that I met Rat

him]"

"Oh, they're so calm, I'm surprised" Resi Student

"I can't have him in my classroom" Resi Student

"If he goes in my office I will quit!" Rat

"I'm surprised you can tolerate working with him" Resi Student

"I would like them to not be in the group photo"

Resi Student

Rat



# Who has implicit Bias?

The Pew Research Center conducted a study with singe-race white, Black and Asian individuals, as well as biracial white/Asian and white/Black individuals. The study found that about 3/4th of respondents demonstrated implicit racial bias.

(Pew Research Center 2015)



## Common myths about Rats and Common misconceptions about residential students:

- Rats are dirty and carry disease
- Rats make bad pets
- Rats have small brains
- Residential settings are dirty
- Those are the "bad" kids
- Kids in residential setting are less intelligent





## Can you learn to love the Rat?

- Becoming aware of your own bias
- Helping staff with frustration surrounding student behavior
- Students accept the rat translates to self love





## Can you learn to love the Rat?

- Rat's tail as adaptation
- Students behavior as adaptation
- Accepting them as they are

Sarah's Story:





## RAT.

Animat Assisted Therapy



## Handling small animals

- Confidence
- Firmness
- Proper approach
- Trust goes both ways



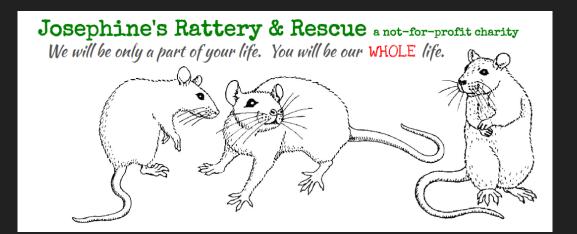






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### Rat Ownership











# The future of HC-AAP



## The future of HC-AAP

- Full training course on HC-AAP
- Evidence based





#### Sources

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### Questions?

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